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# "FUDAMENTAL STUDY ON OJAS"

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#### **Abstract**

*Ojas* got a vital role in *swasthyarakshana*/ protection of health, along with this in achievement of extra-ordinary status of health, which is called as positive health*ojas* play an important role.

An overview of available literature on *ojas* in *Ayurvedic* classics sometimes may lead to doubts/ambiguities by virtue of different versions available in explanation of *ojas*. *Sthira* and *sara* gunas of *ojas*, quoting *ojas* as *upadhatu* and *mala* of *shukra* and also *shukravishe sha*are few of such versions. An attempt to understand the reason of difference in various different classics, as well as different citations of same classic is also necessary for comprehensive understanding of concept of ojas.

Hence taking above all points into consideration an attempt is designed to study this very important and the unique concept in *Ayurveda*.

Key words- Ojas, Swasthaya, Health, Immunity

#### INTRODUCTION

Today man is emerged into highly developing, technical era as compared to ancient time period. The working pattern, living standard, daily routine has become more comfortable, pleasant and with more ease.

The sedentary lifestyle thus has given man almost every type of happiness; joy that too in a much reduced efforts. This has made man lethargic somehow compromising and affecting the health factor overall. All the things are thus in hand and efforts are minimized, and this compensation is paid on its behalf by impairing the immunity or resistance power of man.

The energy resource which is gained by a man is only through the diet which is being ingested. Moreover, it is accompanied on a large scale by synthetic molecules in a number of forms as like antioxidants, nutritional supplements, cytokines, hormones and so on. After proper digestion the partially digested food viz., *ahara rasa*, is important as it nourishes all the *dhatus* at their respective level.

All together its output is the essence of all *dhatus* called as -ojas. The ojas is principally responsible for the immunity inside body. The ojas and resistance power or immunity is proven by

the cause effect relationship. For proper production, storage and utilization of *ojas*, it is essential to have a look on detail description of *Ojas* 

#### **SYNONYMS:**

Bala, Dipti, Avastambha, Prakasa, Tejas, Saha, DhatuTejas, Slesma, these are the Synonyms of Ojas. These Specific meanings are self-explanatory.

## **Definition of** *Ojas*

AcharyaCharakadefines ojasas; a shuddha/clear substance having raktavarnaalong with ishatpeetavarna and residing in hrudayais called ojasinshareera<sup>1</sup>.

AcharyaChakrapanihas
commented on this as shuddhameans
shuklai.e. white,raktamishatmeans
kinchit/slight rakta/ red, sapitakammeans
slight peeta. Thus according to him ojash
as shwetavarna along with peeta and rakta
as anugatavarnas. Acharya Gangadhara
comments on it as ojas is shubhra/white,
ishatrakta and peeta

Acharya Sushruta defines ojasasparam/supreme tejas of dhatus from rasa to shukra. It is called bala as per swashastrasiddhanta. Acharya Dalhana comments asparammeans utkrushta, teja means sneha, as ghruta is sneha of whole milk; similarly ojasis sneha of all dhatus in body<sup>2</sup>.

Acharya Chakrapani comments as here teja means saara as in context of ghrita and madhu.

Ashtanga Sangraha quotes as parateja of all shareera dhatusis called as ojas.

Acharya Indu comments as para word here is related to ojas and thus it is definition of paraojas.

Ashtanga Hrudaya defines ojas as it is parateja of shukranta (rasa to shukra) dhatus. Acharya Arunadatta comments as para is utkrushta thus Ojas is utkrushtateja of all seven deha dhatus<sup>3</sup>.

Acharya Hemadri comments as ojas is malaas it is explained after other malas. Acharya Chandran andana comments as ojas is pradhanamoola of dehadhatus. Ojas is prakrushtadhama of saaras.

Acharya Sharangadhara defines ojas as a substance residing in whole bodyhaving snigdha, sheetagunas. Acharya Kashiram Vaidya comments on this as snigdhais sachikkana, ojasissheetaand not ushna, sitam means shubra in colour and as it is karana for srushtiutpatti so soumya in nature. It does poshana of bala.

Acharya Bhavam is hra defines ojas as sarwasharisasthasnigdha, sheeta, and sthira substance which is so matmaka in nature and does balapushti.

# How Ojas formed and nourished-

Synthesis of *Ojas* can be described under two headings *Ojasutpatti or* prathamotpatti (primordility) and *Ojasposana* (reinforcement). *Ojas* is first developed in the body. Its color is like sarpi, that is ghrita. Taste is like Madhu that is honey, and it is laja Gandhi, smells like laja. <sup>4</sup>

#### OJA UTAPATTI LAKSHANA

It is said to be synthesized right at the time of fertilization when *shukra*fuses with shonita, paka of *shukradhatu* (both *shukra* and *shonita*) takes place and two things formed i.e. *Sara* and *mala*, following the same rule as that of *rasadi dhatwagni vyapara*. This *Ojas* will perform its function of *avastambha* and support the life of *garbha*.

Thus both these are the products of conception having derived from sperm and ovum; carry the *Sara* of all *dhatus*in them, which make them viable. Further nutrition and enhancement in the quantity of *Ojas* to *ardhanjali* takes place by *ahararasa*, which is derived from mother's body and possesses qualities

Similar to *Ojas* and, it also simultaneously nourishes the growing embryo. In later period of intrauterine life, when heart is developed, it enter into heart and with the vessels connected to it, circulates throughout the body of fetus, every tissue of the fetal body is supplied with *Ojas*, and is supported by it.

## Seat of Ojas-

The *Ojas*synthesized as *Sara* of all *dhatus*is mainly seated in *hrdaya*. Yet every organ of the body is the seat of *Ojas*as is said by all ancient scholars. *AcaryaBhela* has described twelve main seats of *Ojas* in the body; *rasa*, *rakta*, *mamsa*, *meda*, *asthi*, *majja*, *sukra*, *sweda*, *pitta*, *slesma*, *mutra&purisa*.

## OjasPramana-

AcharyaChakrapani demonstrates bhedaof Ojas. (Su.Su.15/27, Chakrapanitika)

- PaaraOjas
- Aaparaojas

Pramanaof ParaOjas is AshataBindu.Its Sthithi is in Hridaya.

And another *ojas*is*AparaOjas* and its *sthithi*is in whole body/*shareera*.

Charaka mentioned*pramana* of *Sleshamikaojas*is*Ardha Anjali* and it is *AparaOjas*. <sup>6</sup>(Ch. Sha 7/15).

# CHARACTERISTICS FEATURES OF OJAS

- 1. Color Whitish, Red or Yellowish
- 2. Appearance Resembles to *Ghee* (clarified butter)
- 3. Taste like *Madhu* (Honey)
- 4. Smell like *Laja* (*Pori* or Puffed rice)

*Nidana*Of *OjasKshaya* (Sushhruta sutra sthana 15/28)

- 1. Abhighata.
- 2. DhatuKshaya.
- 3. Krodha.

- 4. Shoka.
- 5. Dhyana.
- 6. Parishrma.
- 7. Kshudha.

# Factors nourishing ojas

- 1) *Manaprasannata* satisfaction through psyche, happiness
- Madhur(Sweet),
   Snigdha(UnctousAND nutritive diet)
   sheetavirya (calm and not
- 3) Ksheer (Milk), Mamsarasa (Non veg Soup)
- 4) Herbal drugs mentioned in *Jeevaniyagana* as like *Jeevak, Rushbhak, Ashwagandha, Kakoli,*

Ksheerkakoli However the strength or power of body is assessed by the examining the relevant factors as mentioned below

# OJA KSHAYA OCCURS IN FOLLOWING DISEASES: 8(ch.i.9/9)

- 1. Vatavyadhi
- 2. Apasmara
- 3. Kushatha
- 4. Shoppha
- 5. Udara
- 6. Gulma
- 7. Madhumeha
- 8. Rajyakshama

#### **DISCUSSION**

*Ojas*which is omnipresent is essence of all the *dhatus* is responsible for *bala*, immunity in body. Immunology has

its roots in Ayurved science also which are referred through this ojas and immune disorders as ojavistramsa, ojavyapatandojakshaya. Many of daily routine factors are responsible for depletion of ojas and nourishment of the in body like same as ativyayama, ativyavay, excessive thinking, depression, alcohol intake and felling of happiness, satisfaction, sweet and desirable food.

Out of many synonyms of ojas, kapha proves to be most suitable one. As the diet and medicines enhancing kaphadosha are same improving the quality status of *ojas*in body. The snehaguna is suggested as the unique of kaphadosha while ojasis the snehaof all the *dhatus*. *Ojas* can also be closely related with the bone marrow tissue which produces the cells responsible for sustaining, developing and enhancing the immune response of body.

and blood Rasa (lymphatic's capillaries along with whole blood) is also one of the closely resembling synonyms of ojaas it contains antibodies and cells which develop the immunity power of body. The stability, resistance, immunity and defense combat mechanism is very well achieved and sustained in body by Ojas, Kaphadoshaand Shukradhatu. All these factors have Dhairya(Patience), *Dhruti*(Controlling power),

Kshama(Forgivingness),

Priti(Cheerfulness), Bala(Strength), Vyadhikshamatva (Immunity) as their ultimate function.

#### **CONCLUSION**

- Every individual is living due to *Ojas*, without which they are unable to live or they die.
- Ojasstays in the body right from the embryo stage.
- ➤ It is in the form of essence of *Rasa* and enters into heartduring its formation and sustain throughout the life.
- ➤ The two main functions of *Dhatus* are

   Shareera Dharana and Shareera

  Poshana that is sustaining and maintaining the body as well as nourishment of the body. Ojas sustain the body.

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